COLUMBIA CITY NEWSLETTER July 2022

CITY OF COLUMBIA CITY

1840 SECOND STREET
PO BOX 189
COLUMBIA CITY, OR 97018
PHONE: (503) 397-4010
FAX: (503) 366-2870
colcity@columbia-city.org
www.columbia-city.org





STEEL TANK & SEWER MAIN REPLACEMENT PROJECT UPDATE

Please see the below estimated schedule for the remainder of the Steel Tank and Sewer Main Replacement project. It will be taking place primarily in the C Street area of our community.

- 06/28/22 Final Design Complete
- 06/29/22 07/12/22-Procurement & Advertising
- 07/13/22 08/09/22-Bidding
- 08/10/22 09/06/22-Contracting & Legal
- 09/06/22 02/08/23-Construction
- 09/28/22 01/10/23-Construct Sewer Improvements
- 01/10/23 Substantial Completion
- 02/08/23 Final Completion
- 02/09/23 03/09/23-Closeout



Please do not hesitate to contact City Administrator Mike McGlothlin at City Hall, 503-397-4010, with questions that you may have. We will continue to update this construction schedule with any major changes or further information that may impact the community and would also ask your understanding that this construction schedule remains preliminary and is not totally within the City's control.

SERGEANTS CORNER

Summer Vacation. With summer just around the corner you will start to see more children on the streets. Please be careful as you drive around the residential neighborhoods and watch for children on their bikes, walking their dogs, or just walking to a friend's house. The area of Pixie Park and Trestle Beach are popular destinations and will become much more active as our nice weather increases. We look forward to having a fun and safe summer for all.

During the month of May we had the following calls and reports: 3 DHS agency assists (1 on Tahoma Street, 1 on Fifth Street and 1 on Belle Street), 2 welfare checks (1 on Seventh Street and 1 on Fifth Street) 2 information reports (1 on First Street and 1 on Seventh Street), 1 theft from vehicle on Tahoma Court, 1 DUII/Reckless driving arrest on Hwy 30, 4 abandoned vehicles, 2 assist fire calls, 1 audible alarm, 6 animal complaints, 9 assist person calls, 3 behavioral health calls, 3 civil calls, 5 civil enforcements, 1 CPR call, 2 criminal mischiefs, 1 domestic, 4 follow up investigations, 1 harassment, 1 hit and run, 4 juvenile problems, 2 juvenile custody disputes, 1 noise complaint, 45 premise checks, 4 suspicious circumstances, 2 suspicious persons, 2 suspicious vehicles, 1 suicide attempt, and 10 traffic stops. In all we serviced 138 activities.

The Police Department would like to request your continued support in being our eyes and ears in the community. Please feel free to contact us via 9-1-1 (emergency), 503-397-4010 (office), or 503-397-1521 (non-emergency dispatch).

Best regards ~ Sergeant Jerry Bartolomucci

LOST AND FOUND

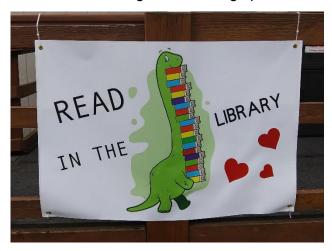
A set of keys were found at Pixie Park and sunglasses were found at Harvard Park. If you think they might belong to you, please contact City Hall.

WATER QUALITY REPORT

Included with this newsletter is the most recent water quality report in a reduced size to be tree friendly. If you would like one in larger print, please reach out to City Hall or view it at our website.

LIBRARY NEWS

This has been a busy month at the library. We have been doing a lot of discarding in preparation for making the library feel more spacious. We have also gotten a lot of books donated in preparation for our upcoming book sale during the Columbia City Celebration, planned for Saturday, August 13. Please continue to donate books during the coming month. We sort through them to see what can be used for the library, and then the rest will go into our book sale. Our storage area is filling up!



Planning. We have been working on a five year plan for the library. Last month we sent out a survey to see how you use the library. We got almost 100 responses, which will help us figure out what needs to be done to improve our community's use of the library. We want to serve the community as a hub and move forward in providing more services for the community. We want to see more use of the library by children and young adults. The plan may include a capital campaign. So think of us in your estate planning!

The survey had a number of people say they were interested in volunteering at the library. We will be contacting them over the next few weeks to figure out where their interests lie and how they can help us.

Books we've added. We've added 4 books to the library this month:

In the Blood by Jack Carr (best seller)
The Match by Harlan Coben (best seller)
22 Seconds by James Patterson (best seller)
A Safe House by Stuart Woods (best seller)

Meetings:

Storytime: Every Monday 11 am
Friends of the Library: Monday, July 18th at 7 pm
Mystery Book Club: Wednesday, July 27th at 7 pm

Columbia City Community Library

2000 Second Street / PO Box 189 / Columbia City 503-366-8020 / ccclibrary@live.com

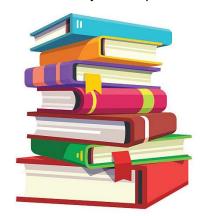
Website: www.columbiacitycommunitylibrary.com

Reach our book catalog:

https://columbiacitycommunitylibrary.follettdestiny.com

Library Hours:

Mondays & Saturdays 10 a.m. – 2 p.m. Thursdays 3 – 6 p.m.



MONTHLY MEETING AND EVENT CALENDAR - JULY 2022

July 4 th	CLOSED	City Hall is closed in honor of Independence Day
July 19 th —	6:30 p.m.	Planning Commission Meeting via Zoom - canceled
July 21st	6:30 p.m.	Regular City Council Meeting at Community Hall
July 27 th	6:00 p.m.	Hazard Mitigation Committee Meeting at City Hall

CITY OF COLUMBIA CITY 2021 WATER QUALITY REPORT

In compliance with federal reporting requirements, Columbia City provides you with an annual report of the outcome of our many water quality tests. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. The cities of St. Helens and Columbia City test water frequently, and we meet or exceed all quality standards required by federal and state requirements. We are required by the Oregon State Health Division to take 2 routine coliform bacteria water samples each month, along with other quarterly and yearly tests.

We continually upgrade our distribution and storage systems by replacing old water mains, repairing leaks, changing water meters, cleaning our storage reservoirs and updating system maps. Columbia City's three water storage reservoirs provide us with a combined capacity of 1.4 million gallons, which meets our City's storage demands. Our crossconnection program is designed

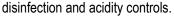


to help prevent any potentially contaminated water from reentering the City water supply. Columbia City requires a backflow assembly where that potential exists in our system to ensure quality drinking water. This report presents water quality data and explains what it means.

WHERE DOES OUR WATER COME FROM?

Columbia City's water comes from two separate sources. The first source is supplied by two groundwater wells located in the Public Works Shop yard at 1755 Second Place, Columbia City. PW Well #2 is the City's main well, and PW Well #1 serves as a backup well.

The City also purchases water from the City of St. Helens. The City of St. Helens supplies water from a water treatment facility located in Columbia City and one ground well located near the Scappoose Bay Marina in St. Helens. The Scappoose Bay well only operates during emergencies. There are two Ranney Collector Wells in Columbia City that supply water to the treatment plant. The collector wells are located in Columbia City at "K" and First Streets and "E" Street and The Strand. The water treatment facility is a membrane filtration plant that works by running water through a series of synthetic filters that capture sediment, germs, and organisms. These filter systems are fully computer-controlled for automatic backwashing and cleaning. There are no chemical additions, except for standard chlorine



Columbia City is committed to continually upgrading and improving the quality of our water, our customer service, our water conservation efforts, and our water system. In recent years the city has updated its automated meter reading equipment; made significant improvements to the system pressure zones, completed a system-wide leak detection survey, abandoned both old and redundant piping, and has installed new fire hydrants as they have been identified. Improvements to the lower and upper-level storage reservoir; including seismic upgrades, new telemetry, interior and exterior painting and repairs, have been completed and the construction of an overflow drain is planned for the future. The City also replaced some undersize water mains and added additional fire hydrants to areas at The Strand and along First Street.

WATER SERVICE INFORMATION

In case of emergencies, our Public Works personnel are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week by calling (503) 397-1521. Public Works personnel are certified by the Oregon State Health Department (OSHD) and are trained in all aspects of water distribution and cross-connection. They are required to complete continuing education classes in order to maintain their certification and to keep up-to-date on the latest information and technology in their field.

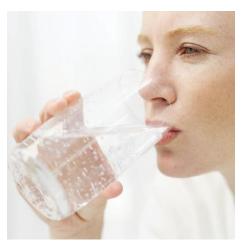
For information and/or participation in decisions about your drinking water, please contact Michael McGlothlin, City Administrator, by calling City Hall, (503) 397-4010. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility.

Our regularly scheduled City Council meetings are held on the third Thursday of each month, at 6:30 p.m.

HOW TO READ THIS TABLE

This report is based upon the most recent tests conducted by the Columbia City and St. Helens Water Departments. The frequency of required testing depends on the nature of the test and ranges from daily test to ones conducted every 9yrs.

- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- **Treatment Technique or TT** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.



The data presented in this report is from the most recent testing done in accordance with regulations. Test results can also be viewed on the Oregon Health Division's website at https://yourwater.oregon.gov/wssearch.php To view the test results on the website, enter PWS number 00203 for Columbia City, and PWS number 00724 for St. Helens.

Key to Table

MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level **MCLG** = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal

TT = Treatment Technique

ppm = parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/l)
ppb =parts per billion or micrograms per liter (mcg/l)
NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Unit

ND = None Detected

<u>Inorganic Contaminants – Columbia City Well Source</u>

Contaminant	Date Tested	Violation	Range MinMax.	Detected Level	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Major Sources
Barium	8/14/13	No	n/a	0.014	ppm	2.0	n/a	Naturally occurring
Sodium	8/14/13	No	n/a	28.4	ppm	n/a	n/a	Naturally occurring
Nitrate	12/9/21	No	n/a	3.2	ppm	10.0	n/a	Naturally occurring
HAA5	5/18/21	No	n/a	ND	ppb	60.0	n/a	Disinfection byproduct
TTHMs	5/18/21	No	n/a	5.2	ppb	80.0	n/a	Disinfection byproduct

Inorganic Contaminants - City of St. Helens Source

Contaminant	Date Tested	Violation	Range MinMax.	Detected Level	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Major Sources
Barium	9/15/21	No	n/a	0.0179	ppm	2.0	n/a	Naturally occurring
Sodium	9/15/21	No	n/a	17.1	ppm	n/a	n/a	Naturally occurring
Nitrate	11/29/21	No	n/a	0.782	ppm	10.0	n/a	Naturally occurring
TOC	Quarterly	No	0-0.66	0.66	ppb	n/a	n/a	Naturally occurring
HAA5	Quarterly	No	0-0.25	0.25	ppb	60.0	n/a	Disinfection byproduct
TTHMs	Quarterly	No	0-3.8	3.8	ppb	80.0	n/a	Disinfection byproduct
Turbidity	Daily	No	0.016-0.051	0.051	NTU	TT=0.3	n/a	Soil runoff, sediment

Water Quality Table Footnotes

All contaminants tested were below the Maximum Contaminate Level and none were in violation.

MANDATORY TESTING

The contaminants we monitor are listed below. Only the ones listed in the previous table had detectable levels.

Microbiological Contaminants Uranium Pentachlorophenol

Synthetic Organic Contaminants Total Coliform Bacteria Picloram Fecal Coliform 2.4D Simazene Turbidity 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) Toxaphene

Radioactive Contaminants Alachlor Volatile Organic Contaminants

Beta/photon emitters Atrazine Benzene

Alpha emitters Benzo(a)pyrene(PAH) Carbon Tetrachloride Combined Radium Carbofuran Chlorobenzene Inorganic Contaminants o-Dichlororbenzene Chlordane Dalapon p-Dichlororbenzene Antimony Di(2-ethylhexl)adipate 1,2-Dichloroethane Arsenic Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthate 1,1-Dichloroethylene Barium Beryllium Dibromochloropropane cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Cadmium Dinoseb trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene

Chromium Diquat Dichloromethane Endothall 1.2-Dichloropropane Copper Cyanide **Endrin** Ethylbenzene Fluoride Ethylene dibromide Stryrene

Lead Glyphosate Tetrachloroethylene Mercury (inorganic) Heptachlor 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

Heptachlor epoxide 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Nickel Nitrate (as Nitrogen) Hexachlorobenzene 1.1.2-Trichloroethane Nitrite (as Nitrogen) Hexchlorocyclopentadiene Thrichloroethylene

Selenium **THHMs** Lindane Sodium Methoxychlor Toluene Sulfate Oxamyl (Vydate) Vinvl Chloride

PCBs (Polychlorinated) Thallium **Xylenes**

Lead and Copper Testing

Substance	Units	Goal	Action	90 th	Homes Exceeding	Complies?	Source of
			Level (AL)	Percentile	Action Level	-	Contaminate
Copper	ppm	1.3	1.3	0.0860	0	Yes	Corrosion of
							household plumbing
Lead	ppm	0	0.015	0.0020	0	Yes	Corrosion of
							household plumbing

The 90th percentile is the highest result found in 90% of the samples when they are listed in order from the lowest to the highest results. EPA requires testing for lead and copper at customers' taps most likely to contain these substances based on when the house was built. The EPA determined that the sample results did not exceed the Action Level (AL). The above results are from lead and copper samples taken in 2021. Lead and Copper samples will be taken again in August-September 2024.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Columbia City is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components.

When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap water for 30 seconds to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking.

If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

WATER CONSERVATION TIPS

- Install low flow shower heads and aerators on the faucets.
- Upgrade appliances and toilet fixtures as needed with water saving models.
- When washing dishes by hand, don't let the water run. Fill one basin with wash water and the other with rinse water.
- Use the garbage disposal sparingly. Instead, compost vegetable food waste.
- Wash fruits and vegetables in a pan of water instead of running water from the tap.
- Don't let the water run while brushing your teeth.
- Time your shower to keep it under five minutes.
- Toilet leaks can be silent be sure to test your toilet for leaks at least once a year.
- Plant in the spring and fall, when the watering requirements are lower.
- If the soil is moist, don't water. Allow your lawn and plants to dry out before watering to promote deeper root growth.
- Water deeply, but infrequently, and only water when necessary.
- Use a hose nozzle when watering or washing your car.
- Monitor your water usage to help detect leaks, and promptly fix leaking plumbing and faucets.

ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes limits on the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organics, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff and septic systems.
- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.

- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, stormwater runoff and residential uses.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturallyoccurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk for infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

THANK YOU! The City of Columbia City works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. Should you experience any problems with your water or, just want to ask a question, please contact us. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

CITY HALL:

Hours: 8 a.m. – 12 p.m. and 1 p.m. – 5 p.m., Monday–Friday Phone (503) 397-4010

CITY SHOP:

Hours 8 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday–Friday Phone (503) 366-0454

AFTER HOURS EMERGENCY PHONE: (503) 397-1521

VISIT OUR WEB SITE: www.columbia-city.org

E-MAIL US AT: colcity@columbia-city.org

